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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/721,866	11/26/2003	Graham Strachan	3901.US.P 6091		
56436 3COM CORPO	7590 08/11/200 ORATION	EXAMINER			
350 CAMPUS DRIVE			SEFCHECK, GREGORY B		
MARLBOROU	JGH, MA 01752-3064		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2619		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			08/11/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/721,86	36	STRACHAN ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examine	,	Art Unit				
		GREGOF	Y B. SEFCHECK	2619				
	The MAILING DATE of this commu	nication appears on the	e cover sheet with the	correspondence ac	ddress			
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Status								
1) ⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on 11 June 2008						
	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is r	ion-final.					
<i>′</i> =	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositio	on of Claims							
4)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the a	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🛛 (Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.							
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) 🗌 (Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or election r	equirement.					
Application	on Papers							
9)□ ⊤	he specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.						
-	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 26 November 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any obj	ection to the drawing(s) I	oe held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
F	Replacement drawing sheet(s) includir	ng the correction is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)□ T	he oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)□ A	cknowledgment is made of a clain	n for foreign priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
·	All b) Some * c) None of:	0 , ,	· ·	, , , , ,				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2	2. Certified copies of the priority	y documents have bee	n received in Applicat	ion No				
3	B.☐ Copies of the certified copies	s of the priority docum	ents have been receiv	ed in this National	l Stage			
	application from the Internati	ional Bureau (PCT Rul	e 17.2(a)).					
* Se	ee the attached detailed Office acti	ion for a list of the certi	fied copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)		_					
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	(DTO 048)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		5) Notice of Informal F					
	No(s)/Mail Date .	•	6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's Request for Continued Examination filed 6/11/2008 is acknowledged.

• Claims 1, 2, 4, and 5 have been amended. Claims 1-5 remain pending.

Drawings

1. The drawings filed 11/26/2003 are objected to because, according to the Specification, Figures 1-3, 5, 7, and 8 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 4 and 5 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claims 4 and 5 refer to first and second data packets, respectively. However, each claim also makes reference to "the data packet" (claim 4, line 6; claim 5, line 13), making it unclear which data packet, first or second, is being referenced.

Also, on line 7 of claim 5, "a" should be deleted prior to "destination addresses". Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 10/721,866 Page 3

Art Unit: 2619

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 4 and 5 present apparatus claims. However, the bodies of the claims present method steps without defining any structure attributable to the claimed apparatuses. The Examiner recommends amending the claims to set forth the specific structure performing the claimed steps, or amending the claims to be method claims performed by an apparatus.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kloth et al. (US006842453B1), hereafter Kloth.
 - Regarding claims 1-3.

Kloth discloses a method and apparatus for implementing forwarding decision shortcuts at a network (edge) switch 300 in communication over uplink 230 with a (core) router 250 of a network having multiple subnetworks 210,220 communicating through the use of layer 2 media access control and layer 3 network addressing schemes (Title; Fig. 2-4; Col. 2-3, lines 65-10; claim 1 - method of operating a network switch which is an edge switch in an Ethernet communication network having a multiplicity of sub-nets, is arranged to receive and forward data packets which include media access control address data and network address data, and is in communication with a core router via an uplink).

Kloth discloses receiving a packet from station (source) A 202 on subnetwork 210 having a destination MAC address specifying the router 250 and extracting the network address to determine if a shortcut exits (Fig. 5, 502, Col. 6, lines 21-50; claim 1 - performing, at the network switch, a network address look-up in respect of a data packet, which is received by the edge switch from a source local to the edge switch and on a first sub-net only if the packet has a media access control destination address of the core router).

Figs. 3-5 of Kloth illustrate how the packet is shortcut (directly) forwarded toward the destination at the edge switch without traversing link 230 to router 250 when the extracted flow information in layer 3 (network address) shortcut table 700 specifies destination station B 212 on subnetwork 212 (local to the edge switch, different subnetwork than station A 202; claim 1 - forwarding the data packet directly towards its destination in response to the network destination address data in the data packet,

without the data packet traversing the core router via the uplink, when the network destination address is a destination local to the edge switch, but on a second sub-net).

Packets not eligible for shortcut forwarding (including destinations not local to the switch) are default forwarded to router 250 over link 230 according to the layer 2 MAC addressing (Fig. 5, step 530; Col. 6, lines 21-28; <u>claim 1</u> - forwarding the data packet from the edge switch to the core router via the uplink, whenever the network destination address is a destination that is not local to the edge switch; <u>claim 2</u> - network switch forwards the data packet to the core router in response to media access control data in the data packet; <u>claim 3</u> - network switch provides a default route to the core router for network destination addresses which are not local to the network switch).

Kloth does not explicitly disclose maintaining the shortcut table with only layer 3 addresses of devices that are local to the switch.

However, as Fig. 4 in Kloth illustrates, a shortcut that obviates transmission to the router is only possible if the shortcut pertains to sources and destinations local to that switch (claim 1 - said edge switch maintaining look-up tables of network addresses only for local sources and destinations on both the first and second sub-nets).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to maintain layer 3 address information in the shortcut table of Kloth for only those sources and destinations that reside in subnetworks that are local to the switch, since communications involving a source or destination that is not local to the switch cannot utilize shortcut routing without requiring transmission to the router.

Application/Control Number: 10/721,866

Page 6

Art Unit: 2619

- Regarding claims 4 and 5,

Kloth discloses a method and apparatus for implementing forwarding decision shortcuts at a network (edge) switch 300 in communication over uplink 230 with a (core) router 250 of a network having multiple subnetworks 210,220 communicating through the use of layer 2 media access control and layer 3 network addressing schemes (Title; Fig. 2-4; Col. 2-3, lines 65-10; claim 4 - network edge switch having ports for the reception and forwarding of Ethernet data packets which include media access control address data and network address data; claim 5 - combination of a core router and an edge switch, connected by an uplink, for the reception and forwarding of Ethernet data packets).

Kloth shows that communications within the same subnetwork are bridged by switch 300 based upon MAC addressing (Col. 3, lines 21-25; <u>claim 4,5</u> - perform a media access control address look-up in respect of a first data packet received by the edge switch; <u>claim 4,5</u> - bridge the data packet if a source and a destination of the data packet are on a same subnet and local to the edge switch).

Kloth also discloses communication between different subnetworks by receiving a packet from station (source) A 202 on subnetwork 210 having a destination MAC address specifying the router 250 and extracting the network address to determine if a shortcut exits (Fig. 5, 502, Col. 6, lines 21-50; claim 4.5 - perform a network destination address look-up in respect of a second data packet which is received by the edge switch from a source local to the edge switch and on a first sub-net and has a network

Art Unit: 2619

destination address on a second sub-net, the network destination address look-up performed only if the media access control destination address of the second data packet is to a core router connected to the edge switch by an uplink).

Figs. 3-5 of Kloth illustrate how the packet is shortcut (directly) forwarded toward the destination at the edge switch without traversing link 230 to router 250 when the extracted flow information in the layer 3 (network address) shortcut table 700 specifies destination station B 212 on subnetwork 212 (local to the edge switch, different subnetwork than station A 202; claim 4,5 - forward said second data packet directly towards its destination in response to network address data in said second data packet when the destination thereof is a local destination).

Packets not eligible for shortcut forwarding (including destinations not local to the switch) are default forwarded over link 230 to router 250 according to the layer 2 MAC addressing, as usual (Fig. 5, step 530; Col. 6, lines 21-28; claim 4,5 - forward said second data packet from the edge switch by a default route to core router, in response to media access control address data in said second data packet, if the destination thereof is not local to the edge switch).

Kloth does not explicitly disclose maintaining the shortcut table with only layer 3 addresses of devices that are local to the switch.

However, as Fig. 4 in Kloth illustrates, a shortcut that obviates transmission to the router is only possible if the shortcut pertains to sources and destinations local to that switch (claim 4,5 - said edge switch maintaining look-up tables of network

addresses only for local sources and destinations on both the first and second subnets).

Page 8

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to maintain layer 3 address information in the shortcut table of Kloth for only those sources and destinations that reside in subnetworks that are local to the switch, since communications involving a source or destination that is not local to the switch cannot utilize shortcut routing without requiring transmission to the router.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the attached PTO-892 form.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to GREGORY B. SEFCHECK whose telephone number is (571)272-3098. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00am-5:00pm.

Application/Control Number: 10/721,866 Page 9

Art Unit: 2619

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wing Chan can be reached on 571-272-7493. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Gregory B Sefcheck/ Examiner, Art Unit 2619 8-7-2008